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### REVIEW ARTICLE

# Hepatic Damage Associated with Breast Cancer: Dual Protective Role of the Medicinal Plants

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### ABSTRACT

The liver is damaged in breast cancer, especially when it spreads. Furthermore, the pertinent cancer chemotherapy drugs are hepatotoxic as well. Some medicinal plants may be intriguing candidates for dual-acting remedies because of their concomitant hepatoprotective and anti-breast cancer qualities. A narrative review of recent research on these medicinally important plants is furnished in this article. In this regard, circumventing the extant shortcomings, effective plant-based natural therapeutics to prevent hepatic damage linked with breast malignancies may be developed ahead, if the potential of these medicinal plants and their constituents is further explored.

**Keywords:** Breast cancer, Liver, Toxicity, Medicinal plants

### INTRODUCTION

Breast cancer is a malignancy, chiefly affecting women, caused by uncontrolled growing of breast cells, and can metastasize. Breast cancer is frequently linked to hepatic complications, which may be brought on by the tumor's metastatic progression to the liver or precipitated by the systemic usage of anti-breast cancer chemotherapeutic drugs. There are several clinical and pathological manifestations of liver metastases of breast cancers which are fatal. Briefly, when breast cancer cells reach the liver, they can disrupt typical liver functions precipitating hepatotoxicity. Impairments in hepatic functions may also be found in non-metastatic breast cancers. The reasons why

breast cancer can occasionally manifest as a disease that is liver dominant or that involves the liver disorders mainly as a late event in the course of the disease are not still well understood<sup>1-4</sup>.

Although there are a number of available systemic therapeutic regimens, the adjunct therapies, remains the cornerstone of treatment for hepatic metastases. Despite these therapies, liver metastasis from breast cancer is associated with a poor prognosis. Certain anti-breast cancer chemotherapeutic medications like methotrexate, tamoxifen, doxorubicin, anastrozole, letrozole, ribociclib, trastuzumab etc., or pre-existing liver conditions also may aggravate hepatic complications in breast cancers. In order to lower

their occurrence and enhance outcomes when they do occur, it is hoped that continued study into the processes and tropism of liver metastasis from breast cancer will lead to more targeted therapeutics<sup>3, 5</sup>. On the other hand, search of alternative/adjunct therapies would circumvent the problems with minimal negative effects. The medicinal plants, in this connection, historically can play a leading role.

Several studies in phytopharmacology have demonstrated that, the medicinal plants can have anti-hepatotoxic and anti-cancer effects on breast cancers. In order to find viable treatments for preventing the invasion and spread of breast cancer cells to the liver and to alleviate the chemotherapy-induced liver toxicity, this review article looks at scientific research on medicinal plants that have both hepatoprotective and anti-breast cancer properties. This review attempts to shed light on the concomitant potential of medicinal plants in this context by exploring and summarizing the published literature on medicinal plants. The objective of the present narrative review is to gather the primary knowledge to facilitate the development of dual-acting therapies against liver damage related to breast cancer.

## METHOD

### Inclusion criteria

An internet-based scrutiny of scientific literature was conducted by probing through an array of online bibliographic databases, including Google, Scholar Google, PubMed, Toxnet, Wiley, Web of Science, EMBASE and Science Direct; by using key words and phrases such as 'medicinal plants' (their common or botanical names) against 'breast cancer' 'mammary carcinoma' and 'liver toxicity', 'liver diseases (hepatic cirrhosis, fibrosis, stasis, injury, damage)', 'hepato-toxicity' or 'hepatoprotective', 'antihepatotoxic' in feasible combinations. This endeavour involved searching the full-text scientific research articles published online in peer-reviewed scientific journals during the last 25 years (2000 – 2025). The preclinical and clinical research on higher plants that were both effective against breast cancers and liver toxicity/diseases in animal system/tissues and were published in English was selected.

### Exclusion criteria

The articles that were taken into consideration were those written exclusively in English. Articles that were not subjected to peer review but were hosted on particular web portals as pre-prints were excluded. Published but later retracted articles were also rejected. Grey literature was not considered. Current collation and discourse do not cover the use of medicinal plant combinations, used with other agents or tested in plant systems.

## RESULTS AND DISCUSSION

The present study collates the scientific literature on medicinal plants that have concomitant hepatoprotective and

anti-breast cancer effects. It was found that, 66 (sixty six) medicinal plant extracts, demonstrated preclinical evidence of effectiveness against both breast cancers and liver complications, based on the foregoing criteria. The exercise is summarised in Fig. 1. Table. 1 enumerates all of the information succinctly<sup>6-202</sup>. Newer such reports may continually appear in the scientific literature. Most of them are well-recognized traditional dietary/medicinal plants with several traditional and contemporary medicinal usage.

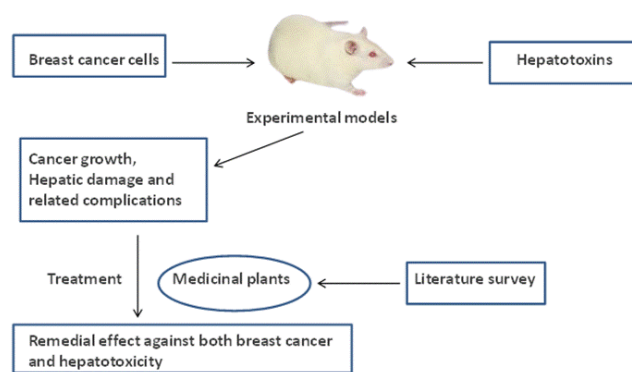


Fig. 1: Curative effect of medicinal plants against breast cancer and hepatotoxicity

Breast cancer is one of the major malignancy increasingly affecting woman's health worldwide<sup>203</sup>. Human breast cancer MCF-7 cells were the most commonly used breast cancer model followed by MDA-MB-231 cells. Drugs (paracetamol, rifampin, bleomycin, doxorubicin etc.), chemicals (carbon tetrachloride, ethanol, thioacetamide etc.) and heavy metals (lead, cadmium, arsenic etc.) induced hepatic disorders, principally induced in rodents were the experimentally invoked liver complications used for the hepatoprotective assessments. Generally estimated physiological parameters were cytotoxicity, cell proliferation, cell viability, mitotoxicity, apoptosis and genotoxicity in the cases of anti-breast cancer evaluations. On the other hand, haematological and liver function parameters along with lipid profile, antioxidant and anti-inflammatory biomarker parameters were evaluated to measure hepatic protection property of the same plants. In the majority of such cases, histopathological analyses of liver tissues were also carried out for corroboration. Preservation of liver structure, modulation of hepatic functions and oxidative stress-inflammatory pathways were the principal mechanisms of antihepatotoxic effect. These are the preclinical studies.

The observed pre-clinical anti-breast cancer mechanisms included: cytotoxic, anti-proliferative, antitumor, apoptotic, estrogenic, anti-genotoxic, anti-angiogenesis, antimetastatic, antimitotic/cell cycle arrest, autophagy, antioxidant, anti-carcinogenic/chemopreventive etc.; whereas, the pre-clinical hepatoprotective mechanisms deduced are: cytoprotective/antihepatotoxic, antioxidative, anti-

inflammatory, apoptotic, anti-fibrotic, anti-hyperlipidemic/hypolipidemic, detoxifying, free radical scavenging etc. by modulating multiple pathophysiological processes/pathways pertaining to both the breast cancer and liver structure/functions.

Only one clinical study involving 30 patients with non-metastatic breast cancer participated in a randomized, triple-blind, placebo-controlled study evaluated the preventive benefits of oral treatment of standardized seed extract (silymarin) from milk thistle plant (*Silybum marianum*), against the liver injury brought on by its breast cancer chemotherapy -doxorubicin/cyclophosphamide-paclitaxel treatment regime<sup>204</sup>. It is pertinent to mention here that, *Silybum marianum* (milk thistle) seed has already been reported to possess both hepatoprotective and anti-breast cancer effects at the pre-clinical stages [Table. 1](#).

Hepatotoxicity is a common yet serious recognized complication of the extant cancer chemotherapy. As mentioned in the introduction section, anti-breast cancer medications pose noxious effects to the liver health. Moreover, breast cancer while metastasis, affects liver or there may be pre-existing hepatic diseases which may aggravate during cancer. Hence, in the several ways, the liver, the cardinal mammalian organ of metabolism and detoxification, becomes quite vulnerable towards serious damage in breast cancer; leading to gross physiological deterioration of a breast cancer patient. Medications, in novel/alternative ways, should therefore be devised to counteract both neoplasm and hepatic damage in breast cancer patients with less adverse effects.

The dietary and medicinal plants are known to serve as a classical source of extant antineoplastic drugs and hepatoprotective medications, in particular for the later purpose, in these days also<sup>197, 205</sup>. The pleiotropic

pharmacological effect that enables medicinal plants and their constituents to act through multiple stages and pathways is well recognized<sup>206, 207</sup>. The present study reveals the medicinal plants have the concomitant potentiality to counteract breast cancer as well as hepatotoxicity. Newer site/target-specific targeted drug delivery systems like nanotechnology can improve the pharmacokinetic and pharmacodynamic efficacy of putative phytochemicals<sup>208</sup>. Nevertheless, one should be more cautious in extrapolating these preclinical findings to clinical set up, as the foregoing studies suffer from certain gross limitations which are summarized in the next section.

## LIMITATIONS

Having being a narrative review, the current work has explicit limitations. Except one, the research studies selected are pre-clinical studies that are stand-alone in nature, often in different experimental models and different plant parts/extracts, performed with uncharacterized/partially characterized crude plant extracts/fractions. Some issues need to be addressed. How can a single plant extract be both "cytotoxic" (against cancer cells) and "cytoprotective" (to hepatocytes)? What are the active phytoconstituents responsible for dual activity in same model? Are the anti-cancer and hepatoprotective doses compatible? Are there any conflicting findings? Further definitive studies are necessary to unveil the phytochemistry, shared pathways, molecular targets with deeper analysis of mechanisms, drug-herb interactions or synergistic mechanisms and bioavailability and toxicological issues with dose-response relationships that could provide novel scientific insights for their molecular basis of dual action in the same model in pre-clinical stage, for possible clinical translation.

**Table 1: Medicinal plants with concomitant hepatoprotective and anti-breast cancer effects**

| Sl. No. | Botanical name                           | Part used    | Experimental model/cell line                                  | Reported effects                                                                | References             |
|---------|------------------------------------------|--------------|---------------------------------------------------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------|------------------------|
| 1       | <i>Ammi visnaga</i> (Apiaceae)           | Aerial parts | Human breast cancer T47D cells                                | Cytotoxic effect                                                                | <a href="#">6, 7</a>   |
|         |                                          | Aerial parts | HuH-7 cells                                                   | Hepatoprotective and apoptotic effects                                          | <a href="#">8</a>      |
| 2       | <i>Artemisia absinthium</i> (Asteraceae) | Flower, root | Human breast cancer MCF-7 cells                               | Cytotoxic effect.                                                               | <a href="#">9</a>      |
|         |                                          | Aerial parts | CCl <sub>4</sub> induced mice and and diclofenac-induced rats | Hepatoprotective, nephroprotective, antioxidant and immunomodulatory activities | <a href="#">10, 11</a> |
| 3       | <i>Avicennia marina</i> (Acanthaceae)    | Aerial parts | Human breast cancer cell lines viz. BT-20, MDA-MB 231         | Cytotoxic effect.                                                               | <a href="#">12, 13</a> |
|         |                                          | Leaf         | CCl <sub>4</sub> induced rats                                 | Hepatoprotective and antioxidative effects                                      | <a href="#">14, 15</a> |

| Sl. No. | Botanical name                               | Part used                  | Experimental model/cell line                                                                                                                | Reported effects                                                                                                 | References |
|---------|----------------------------------------------|----------------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|------------|
| 4       | <i>Citrullus colocynthis</i> (Cucurbitaceae) | Leaf cucurbitacin fraction | Human breast cancer cell lines viz. ER(+) MCF-7 and ER(-) MDA-MB-231                                                                        | Cell cycle arrest at G2/M phase                                                                                  | 16         |
|         |                                              | Fruit, seed                | Paracetamol and CCl <sub>4</sub> induced rats                                                                                               | Hepatoprotective and antioxidant activity.                                                                       | 17, 18     |
| 5       | <i>Crocus sativus</i> (Iridaceae)            | Stigma                     | Human breast cancer MCF-7 cells                                                                                                             | Cytotoxic and anti-angiogenesis effect                                                                           | 19         |
|         |                                              | Petal, stigma              | Paracetamol and CCl <sub>4</sub> induced rats                                                                                               | Hepatoprotective and antioxidant effects                                                                         | 20, 21     |
| 6       | <i>Curcuma longa</i> (Zingiberaceae)         | Rhizome                    | Human T47D breast cancer cell line                                                                                                          | Antiproliferative and telomerase inhibitory effects                                                              | 22         |
|         |                                              | Rhizome                    | Thioacetamide-induced liver cirrhosis, CCl <sub>4</sub> induced toxicity in rats; bleomycin and paracetamol induced hepatotoxicity in mice. | Hepatoprotective antioxidant and anti-inflammatory activities                                                    | 23-26      |
| 7       | <i>Glycyrrhiza sp.</i> (Fabaceae)            | Root                       | Human MCF-7 breast cancer cell line                                                                                                         | Antiproliferative effect with apoptosis induction                                                                | 27, 28     |
|         |                                              | Root                       | Ethanol-induced fatty liver in mice, CCl <sub>4</sub> induced rats                                                                          | Hepatoprotective, anti-inflammatory, antihyperlipidemic and antioxidant role                                     | 29, 30     |
| 8       | <i>Medicago sativa</i> (Leguminosae)         | Leaf                       | Human breast cancer MCF-7 cell line, rats                                                                                                   | Estrogenic effect                                                                                                | 31, 32     |
|         |                                              | Leaf                       | CCl <sub>4</sub> induced rats                                                                                                               | Hepatoprotective and antioxidant effect                                                                          | 33         |
| 9       | <i>Myrtus communis</i> (Myrtaceae)           | Essential oil              | Human MCF-7 breast cancer cell line                                                                                                         | Cytotoxic effect.                                                                                                | 34         |
|         |                                              | Flower, leaf               | CCl <sub>4</sub> and monosodium glutamate induced rats                                                                                      | Hepatoprotective effect modulating apoptosis, DNA fragmentation, cell cycle arrest                               | 35-37      |
| 10      | <i>Nigella sativa</i> (Ranunculaceae)        | Seed                       | Human MCF-7 breast cancer cell line                                                                                                         | Cytotoxic effect. IC <sub>50</sub> value: 11.5 µg/ml                                                             | 38         |
|         |                                              | Seed                       | CCl <sub>4</sub> and acetaminophen-induced rats                                                                                             | Alleviation of hepatotoxicity and oxidative stress                                                               | 39, 40     |
| 11      | <i>Peganum harmala</i> (Nitrariaceae)        | Seed                       | Human MDA-MB-231 breast cancer cell line                                                                                                    | Decreased cancer cell growth by multimodal induction of apoptosis                                                | 41         |
|         |                                              | Seed                       | Ethanol-induced rats.                                                                                                                       | Hepatoprotective effect                                                                                          | 42         |
| 12      | <i>Thymus vulgaris</i> (Lamiaceae)           | Stem                       | Human MCF-7 and MDA-MB-231 cell lines, mice, rats                                                                                           | Antiproliferative and pro-apoptotic effects in cell lines and chemopreventive chemotherapeutic effect in rodents | 43         |
|         |                                              | Leaf                       | Ethanol-induced rats, dexamethasone-induced rats, sodium nitrite-induced mice.                                                              | Hepatoprotective, hypolipidemic and antioxidant activities                                                       | 44-46      |
| 13      | <i>Trigonella foenum-graecum</i> (Fabaceae)  | Seed                       | Human MCF-7 breast cancer cell line                                                                                                         | Estrogenic effect                                                                                                | 47         |
|         |                                              | Seed                       | Sodium nitrite-induced rats, ethanol-induced human liver cells (HepG2 and Huh7)                                                             | Hepatoprotective and nephroprotective potential                                                                  | 48, 49     |

| Sl. No. | Botanical name                                | Part used                                | Experimental model/cell line                                                            | Reported effects                                                                                                                     | References |
|---------|-----------------------------------------------|------------------------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|------------|
| 14      | <i>Catharanthus roseus</i> (Apocynaceae)      | Aerial parts                             | Human (MCF) and murine (EAC) cancer cell lines                                          | Decreased cancer cell viability, increased life span, decreased tumour volume and viable tumor cell count of the tumor bearing mice. | 50         |
|         |                                               | Aerial parts                             | CCl <sub>4</sub> induced rats                                                           | Hepatoprotective, hypolipidemic effects                                                                                              | 51         |
| 15      | <i>Zingiber officinale</i> (Zingiberaceae)    | Rhizome                                  | Human MCF-7 and MDA-MB-231 breast cancer cell lines                                     | Cytotoxic effect.                                                                                                                    | 52         |
|         |                                               | Rhizome                                  | Different drugs and chemicals induced rodents                                           | Hepatoprotective, antioxidant and anti-inflammatory properties                                                                       | 53         |
| 16      | <i>Acacia nilotica</i> (Fabaceae)             | Wood, lignin enriched extract            | Human MCF-7 breast cancer cell line                                                     | Antiproliferative and antioxidant effect                                                                                             | 54         |
|         |                                               | Aerial parts, bark                       | Acetaminophen-induced rats, H <sub>2</sub> O <sub>2</sub> induced rats                  | Hepatoprotective and antioxidant activities                                                                                          | 55, 56     |
| 17      | <i>Vernonia amygdalina</i> (Asteraceae)       | Leaf                                     | Human breast cancer cell lines MCF-7 and MDA-MB-231                                     | Antiproliferation, G1/S phase cell cycle arrest, caspase dependent apoptosis                                                         | 57         |
|         |                                               | Leaf                                     | Acetaminophen-induced mice, CCl <sub>4</sub> induced chickens, doxorubicin-induced rats | Hepatoprotective and nephroprotective effects                                                                                        | 58-60      |
| 18      | <i>Vitellaria paradoxa</i> (Sapotaceae)       | Stem bark                                | Human MCF-7 breast cancer cell line                                                     | Cytotoxic and antioxidant effect                                                                                                     | 61         |
|         |                                               | Leaf, root                               | Sodium arsenite-induced rats, phenylhydrazine-induced jaundice in rats                  | Hepatoprotective, nephroprotective and apoptotic properties                                                                          | 62, 63     |
| 19      | <i>Anacardium occidentale</i> (Anacardiaceae) | Leaf extract nanoparticle                | Human MCF-7 breast cancer cell line                                                     | Antiproliferative effect                                                                                                             | 64         |
|         |                                               | Leaf, fruit                              | CCl <sub>4</sub> induced rats, paracetamol-induced rats                                 | Hepatoprotective activity                                                                                                            | 65, 66     |
| 20      | <i>Annona senegalensis</i> (Anonaceae)        | Leaf                                     | Human MDA-MB-231 breast cancer cells                                                    | Cytotoxic effect                                                                                                                     | 67         |
|         |                                               | Leaf                                     | 7, 12-dimethylbenz[a]anthracene induced rats, aflatoxin B1-induced rats                 | Hepatoprotective and antioxidant effect                                                                                              | 68, 69     |
| 21      | <i>Psidium guajava</i> (Myrtaceae)            | Leaf monoterpenoid enriched faction      | Human MCF-7 breast cancer cell line and murine EAC breast cancer cell line              | Antiproliferative, antitumor and estrogen-like activity                                                                              | 70         |
|         |                                               | Leaf, leaf triterpenoid enriched faction | CCl <sub>4</sub> induced rats, acetaminophen exposed mice and rats                      | Hepatoprotection with alleviation of oxidative and inflammatory stress                                                               | 71-73      |
| 22      | <i>Moringa oleifera</i> (Moringaceae)         | Leaf, bark                               | Human MDA-MB-231 breast cancer cell line                                                | Antitumor effect, cell cycle arrest at the G2/M phase.                                                                               | 74         |
|         |                                               | Leaf                                     | Lead acetate and acetaminophen induced rats                                             | Obviation of hepatotoxicity, genotoxicity and oxidative stress.                                                                      | 75-77      |
| 23      | <i>Hymenodictyon excelsum</i> (Rubiaceae)     | Bark                                     | Human MCF-7 and MDA-MB-231 cell lines                                                   | Cytotoxic activity                                                                                                                   | 78         |
|         |                                               | Bark                                     | Paracetamol-induced rats                                                                | Hepatoprotective and antioxidant role                                                                                                | 79         |
| 24      | <i>Lactuca sativa</i> (Asteraceae)            | Leaf                                     | MCF-7 breast cancer cell lines                                                          | Antiproliferative effect                                                                                                             | 80         |

| Sl. No. | Botanical name                             | Part used                  | Experimental model/cell line                                                     | Reported effects                                                                     | References |
|---------|--------------------------------------------|----------------------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|------------|
|         |                                            | Leaf                       | CCl <sub>4</sub> induced rats                                                    | Alleviation of hepatotoxicity and reproductive toxicity                              | 81         |
| 25      | <i>Capparis spinosa</i> (Capparaceae)      | Whole plant                | MCF-7 breast cancer cell line                                                    | Antiproliferative, cytotoxic and apoptotic effect.                                   | 82, 83     |
|         |                                            | Whole plant                | Tert-butyl hydroperoxide induced mice                                            | Hepatoprotective and antioxidant role                                                | 84         |
| 26      | <i>Litchi chinensis</i> (Sapindaceae)      | Fruit pericarp             | Human MCF-7 and MDA-MB-231 cell lines                                            | Cytotoxic and antitumor potential                                                    | 85         |
|         |                                            | Leaf                       | Paracetamol-induced rats, CCl <sub>4</sub> induced mice                          | Hepatoprotective and anti-inflammatory activity                                      | 86, 87     |
| 27      | <i>Calotropis procera</i> (Apocynaceae)    | Latex, leaf                | Human MCF-7 breast cancer cell line                                              | Cytotoxic and pro-oxidant effect with induced apoptosis and autophagy                | 88, 89     |
|         |                                            | Root bark                  | CCl <sub>4</sub> and diethylnitrosamine induced rats                             | Hepatoprotective and antioxidant effect                                              | 90, 91     |
| 28      | <i>Caralluma europaea</i> (Apocynaceae)    | Aerial parts               | Human breast cancer cell lines namely MCF-7, MDA-MB-231                          | Antiproliferative effect                                                             | 92         |
|         |                                            | Stem                       | CCl <sub>4</sub> and acetaminophen induced rats                                  | Hepatoprotective and immunomodulator effect                                          | 93, 94     |
| 29      | <i>Mangifera Indica</i> (Anacardiaceae)    | Peel, seed kernel and leaf | 7,12-dimethylbenz[a]anthracene-induced breast cancer in rats                     | Antitumor, apoptotic, estrogenic and antioxidant effects                             | 95, 96     |
|         |                                            | Leaf, seed                 | Mercuric chloride and acetaminophen induced mice, CCl <sub>4</sub> induced rats  | Hepatoprotective and antioxidative role                                              | 97-99      |
| 30      | <i>Momordica charantia</i> (Cucurbitaceae) | Aerial parts, fruit        | Human MCF-7 MDA-MB-231 and primary mammary epithelial cells                      | Cytotoxic and tumor inhibitory activities by modulation of cell cycle and apoptosis. | 100, 101   |
|         |                                            | Leaf                       | CCl <sub>4</sub> induced rats                                                    | Antihepatotoxic effect                                                               | 102        |
| 31      | <i>Morus nigra</i> (Moraceae)              | Fruit                      | Human MCF-7 breast cancer cell line                                              | Antiproliferative and apoptotic effects.                                             | 103        |
|         |                                            | Leaf                       | Paracetamol induced mice, methotrexate induced albino rats and human HepG2 cells | Hepatoprotective activity                                                            | 104, 105   |
| 32      | <i>Aegle marmelos</i> (Rutaceae)           | Leaf, root, fruit          | Human MCF7 and MDA-MB-231 breast cancer cell lines, EAC cell line in mice        | Antiproliferative and Antineoplastic activity                                        | 106-108    |
|         |                                            | Fruit, leaf                | CCl <sub>4</sub> induced rats                                                    | Hepatoprotective and antioxidant effect                                              | 109, 110   |
| 33      | <i>Camellia sinensis</i> (Theaceae)        | Green tea                  | 4T1 breast cancer cell line in mice                                              | Antitumor and antimetastatic effects with apoptosis induction.                       | 111        |
|         |                                            | Green tea, white tea       | Thioacetamide and cisplatin induced rats                                         | Hepatoprotective and antioxidant effect                                              | 112, 113   |
| 34      | <i>Achyranthes aspera</i> (Amaranthaceae)  | Leaf alkaloid extract      | Benzopyrene induced breast cancer in mice                                        | Antitumor and apoptotic effect                                                       | 114        |

| Sl. No. | Botanical name                                | Part used          | Experimental model/cell line                                              | Reported effects                                                                    | References |
|---------|-----------------------------------------------|--------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|------------|
|         |                                               | Seed               | CCl <sub>4</sub> , high cholesterol induced rats                          | Improvement of liver functions, dyslipidemia and histopathology                     | 115, 116   |
| 35      | <i>Allium sativum</i> (Liliaceae)             | Bulb               | Human MCF-7 and MDA-MB-231 cells                                          | Antitumor and apoptotic effects                                                     | 117        |
|         |                                               | Bulb               | CCl <sub>4</sub> , paracetamol, thioacetamide, gentamycin induced rodents | Hepatoprotective and antioxidant, anti-inflammatory activities                      | 118        |
| 36      | <i>Aloe vera</i> (Asphodelaceae)              | Leaf               | Human MCF-7 breast cancer cell line                                       | Cytotoxic effect.                                                                   | 119        |
|         |                                               | Leaf               | Ischemia-reperfusion and cadmium-induced rats                             | Hepatoprotective, anti-inflammatory and antioxidant effects                         | 120, 121   |
| 37      | <i>Artemisia herba-alba</i> (Asteraceae)      | Aerial parts       | Human MCF-7 breast cancer cell line                                       | Cytotoxic and chemopreventive effects                                               | 122        |
|         |                                               | Aerial parts       | Nickel induced rats                                                       | Obviation of oxidative liver damage                                                 | 123        |
| 38      | <i>Averrhoa bilimbi</i> (Oxalidaceae)         | Fruit              | Human MDA-MB-231 breast cancer cell lines                                 | Cytotoxicity by cell cycle arrest and apoptotic effect                              | 124        |
|         |                                               | Leaf, fruit        | Ethanol, CCl <sub>4</sub> -induced rats                                   | Hepatoprotective, anti-inflammatory activity                                        | 125, 126   |
| 39      | <i>Bidens Pilosa</i> (Asteraceae)             | Aerial parts       | Human MCF-7 cell line and EAC bearing mice                                | Cytotoxic and antitumor effects with improved survival                              | 127        |
|         |                                               | Aerial parts, leaf | Cholestatic liver disease and steatosis in rats                           | Improved liver functions, fibrosis, steatosis, dyslipidemia                         | 128, 129   |
| 40      | <i>Biophytum sensitivum</i> (Oxalidaceae)     | Whole plant        | Human MCF-7 breast cancer cell line                                       | Cytotoxic and apoptotic effects.                                                    | 130        |
|         |                                               | Leaf               | CCl <sub>4</sub> -induced rats                                            | Hepatoprotective effect                                                             | 131        |
| 41      | <i>Cassia auriculata</i> (Caesalpinaceae)     | Leaf               | Human MCF-7 breast cancer cell line                                       | Antiproliferative effect via cell cycle arrest and apoptosis induction              | 132        |
|         |                                               | Leaf               | CCl <sub>4</sub> and ethanol-induced rats                                 | Hepatoprotective and antioxidant effects                                            | 133, 134   |
| 42      | <i>Streblus asper</i> (Moraceae)              | Bark               | Ehrlich ascites carcinoma in mice                                         | Antitumor and antioxidant effects.                                                  | 135        |
|         |                                               | Leaf               | CCl <sub>4</sub> -induced rats                                            | Hepatoprotective effect                                                             | 136        |
| 43      | <i>Cichorium intybus</i> (Asteraceae)         | Aerial parts       | Human MCF-7 breast cancer cell line                                       | Antitumor effect, decreased cell viability.                                         | 137        |
|         |                                               | Aerial parts       | CCl <sub>4</sub> , lead, nickel induced rats                              | Restoration of hepatic damage, fibrosis and oxidative stress.                       | 138-140    |
| 44      | <i>Coriandrum sativum</i> (Apiaceae)          | Leaf               | Human MCF-7 breast cancer cell line                                       | Cytotoxicity, mitotoxicity, genotoxicity and apoptosis                              | 141        |
|         |                                               | Leaf               | CCl <sub>4</sub> and ischemia-reperfusion induced rats                    | Hepatoprotective effect by modulating inflammation, oxidative stress and apoptosis. | 142, 143   |
| 45      | <i>Gongronema latifolium</i> (Asclepiadaceae) | Leaf               | Human MCF-7 breast cancer cell line                                       | Cytotoxic effect.                                                                   | 144        |
|         |                                               | Leaf, root         | Acetaminophen-induced rats                                                | Hepatoprotective activity.                                                          | 145, 146   |

| Sl. No. | Botanical name                               | Part used           | Experimental model/cell line                                                                                    | Reported effects                                                                      | References |
|---------|----------------------------------------------|---------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|------------|
| 46      | <i>Lepidium sativum</i> (Brassicaceae)       | Seed                | Human MCF-7 breast cancer cells                                                                                 | Cytotoxic, antiproliferative and apoptotic effects.                                   | 147, 148   |
|         |                                              | Seed                | CCl <sub>4</sub> and D-galactosamine/lipopolysaccharide induced rats                                            | Hepatoprotective effect by modulating inflammation, oxidative stress and apoptosis.   | 149, 150   |
| 47      | <i>Ocimum gratissimum</i> (Lamiaceae)        | Leaf                | Human MDA-MB-435 and MDA-MB-231 breast cancer cell lines.                                                       | Inhibition of cancer cell proliferation, growth and angiogenesis                      | 151        |
|         |                                              | Leaf                | CCl <sub>4</sub> , atorvastatin and clopidogrel-induced rats                                                    | Hepatoprotective and antioxidant effects                                              | 152, 153   |
| 48      | <i>Origanum vulgare</i> (Lamiaceae)          | Aerial parts        | Human MDA-MB-231 breast cancer cell line                                                                        | Cytotoxic and antiproliferative property.                                             | 154        |
|         |                                              | Aerial parts        | CCl <sub>4</sub> , and doxycycline - induced rats                                                               | Antihepatotoxic and antioxidant effects.                                              | 155, 156   |
| 49      | <i>Tamarindus indica</i> (Caesalpinaceae)    | Seed                | Human MCF-7 breast cancer cell line                                                                             | Cytotoxic and genotoxic effect                                                        | 157        |
|         |                                              | Bark                | Isoniazid and rifampicin-induced rats                                                                           | Improvement of hepatic functions.                                                     | 158        |
| 50      | <i>Tinospora cordifolia</i> (Menispermaceae) | Stem                | Human MDA-MB-231 and MCF-7 breast cancer cell line                                                              | Cytotoxic and apoptotic activities. Suppression of tumor proliferation and migration. | 159, 160   |
|         |                                              | Leaf, stem and root | CCl <sub>4</sub> and paracetamol - induced rats                                                                 | Hepatoprotective activity                                                             | 161, 162   |
| 51      | <i>Hamelia patens</i> (Rubiaceae)            | Leaf                | Human MCF-7 breast cancer cell line                                                                             | Cytotoxic effect                                                                      | 163        |
|         |                                              | Leaf, stem          | CCl <sub>4</sub> -induced HepG2 cells                                                                           | Hepatoprotective and antioxidant capacity                                             | 164        |
| 52      | <i>Trichosanthes dioica</i> (Cucurbitaceae)  | Root                | Murine EAC cell line, EAC bearing mice                                                                          | Antimitotic, antiproliferative, antitumor and antioxidant effects                     | 165, 166   |
|         |                                              | Root, fruit         | Arsenic-induced rats                                                                                            | Hepatoprotective and antioxidant effect                                               | 167, 168   |
| 53      | <i>Terminalia arjuna</i> (Combretaceae)      | Leaf                | EAC bearing mice                                                                                                | Antitumor and antioxidant activities                                                  | 169        |
|         |                                              | Leaf                | Paracetamol-induced rats                                                                                        | Hepatoprotective and antioxidative effects                                            | 170        |
| 54      | <i>Terminalia chebula</i> (Combretaceae)     | Fruit               | Human breast cancer cell line (MCF-7) and 7,12-dimethylbenzanthracene (DMBA)-induced mammary carcinoma of rats. | Antiproliferative, antitumor and antioxidant effects.                                 | 171        |
|         |                                              | Fruit               | tert-butylhydroperoxide (t-BHP)-induced mice, ethanol-induced rats                                              | Hepatoprotective, antioxidant and anti-inflammatory effects                           | 172, 173   |
| 55      | <i>Dregea volubilis</i> (Asclepiadaceae)     | Fruit               | EAC bearing mice                                                                                                | Antitumor effect                                                                      | 174        |
|         |                                              | Fruit               | Paracetamol-induced rats                                                                                        | Hepatoprotective and antioxidant effects                                              | 175        |
| 56      | <i>Phyllanthus emblica</i> (Phyllanthaceae)  | Fruit               | Human breast cancer cell line (MDA-MB-231)                                                                      | Cytotoxic and apoptotic effect                                                        | 176        |
|         |                                              | Fruit               | CCl <sub>4</sub> -induced rats                                                                                  | Hepatoprotective, antioxidant, anti-inflammatory, and antifibrotic effects.           | 177        |

| Sl. No. | Botanical name                               | Part used    | Experimental model/cell line                                                    | Reported effects                                                    | References |
|---------|----------------------------------------------|--------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------|------------|
| 57      | <i>Azadirachta indica</i> (Meliaceae)        | Leaf         | Murine 4T1 breast cancer bearing mice, human breast cancer cell line MDA-MB-231 | Cytotoxic, apoptotic and antitumor effects                          | 178, 179   |
|         |                                              | Leaf         | Rifampin-induced rats                                                           | Hepatoprotective, antioxidant and anti-inflammatory effects         | 180        |
| 58      | <i>Sansevieria roxburghiana</i> (Agavaceae)  | Rhizome      | EAC induced mice                                                                | Antitumor and antioxidant effects                                   | 181        |
|         |                                              | Rhizome      | CCl <sub>4</sub> -induced rats                                                  | Hepatoprotective potential                                          | 182        |
| 59      | <i>Ocimum sanctum</i> (Lamiaceae)            | Leaf         | Human breast cancer cell lines viz. MCF-7 and T47D.                             | Antiproliferative and apoptotic activities                          | 183        |
|         |                                              | Leaf         | Paracetamol-induced rats                                                        | Antihepatotoxic effect                                              | 184, 185   |
| 60      | <i>Swietenia mahagoni</i> (Meliaceae)        | Seed         | Human T47D cell line                                                            | Cytotoxic potential                                                 | 186        |
|         |                                              | Bark         | Paracetamol-induced rats                                                        | Hepatoprotective effect                                             | 187        |
| 61      | <i>Andrographis paniculata</i> (Acanthaceae) | Aerial parts | Human MCF-7 breast cancer cell line                                             | Antiproliferative effect                                            | 188        |
|         |                                              | Aerial parts | Paracetamol and thioacetamide-induced rats                                      | Hepatoprotective,, apoptotic and antioxidant effect                 | 189, 190   |
| 62      | <i>Withania somnifera</i> (Solanaceae)       | Root         | Human MDA-MB-231, MCF-7 and T47D breast cancer cell lines                       | Cytotoxic, antiproliferative, apoptotic and anti-metastasis effects | 159, 191   |
|         |                                              | Leaf         | CCl <sub>4</sub> -induced rats                                                  | Antihepatotoxic effect                                              | 192, 193   |
| 63      | <i>Rubia cordifolia</i> (Rubiaceae)          | Root         | Human MDA-MB-231 breast cancer cells                                            | Cytotoxic effect                                                    | 194        |
|         |                                              | Root         | CCl <sub>4</sub> -induced rats                                                  | Hepatoprotective effect                                             | 193        |
| 64      | <i>Silybum marianum</i> (Asteraceae)         | Seed         | Human BT-474, SK-BR-3, MDA-MB-231 and MCF-7 cells                               | Antiproliferative and apoptotic effects                             | 195, 196   |
|         |                                              | Seed         | Various liver disease models                                                    | Hepatoprotective, antifibrotic and antioxidant effects              | 197        |
| 65      | <i>Centella asiatica</i> (Apiaceae)          | Whole plant  | Human MCF-7 cells                                                               | Cytotoxic, mitotoxic, genotoxic and apoptotic effect                | 198        |
|         |                                              | Whole pant   | Acetaminophen-induced mice                                                      | Hepatoprotective, antioxidant and anti-inflammatory effects         | 199        |
| 66      | <i>Panax ginseng</i> (Araliaceae)            | Root         | Human MDA-MB-231, MCF-10A and MCF-7 breast cancer cells                         | Cytotoxic and apoptotic effects                                     | 200, 201   |
|         |                                              | Root         | Various liver toxicants                                                         | Regulation of liver functions and disorders                         | 202        |

## CONCLUSION

To the best of the present author's knowledge, this is the first report of this kind. The specific dual properties of cytotoxicity (against breast cancer) and cytoprotection (in case of liver damage) with mechanisms thereof should be much explored further in order to develop an effective dual-acting plant-derived natural therapeutics against hepatic

damage associated with breast cancers by arresting pathogenesis of both the disorders with less toxicity. More definitely designed mechanistic pre-clinical studies and clinical studies could be the way ahead to circumvent the limitations and explore their concrete translational potential. Both pre-clinically and clinically ratified phytoconstituent like silymarin from milk thistle plant may be a right druggable candidate here. The present preliminary synoptic

report is a first-time of such compilation which may serve as a primary database for understanding and benefitting future researchers in this progressive field aiding to combat cancer, protecting the vital organs.

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